## Minster Trust for Education -COVID-19 School Risk Assessment Record Bleasby C of E Primary School – September 2021 Reviewed December 2021 in light of the Omicron variant and new guidance





Operations/Work Activities covered by this assessment:	COVID-19 SCHOOL	/ID-19 SCHOOL RISK ASSESSMENT RECORD									
Site Address/Location:	Bleasby C of E Prim Bleasby, Nottinghan	ary School, Station R nshire, NG14 7GD	<mark>oad,</mark>	Departmen	nt/Service/Team:	Bleasby C of E Pri	mary School				
Assessment Date:	07/09/2021 Lead Assessor:					Marie Thompson					
Authorised By:	Marie Thompson										
	Employee	Contractor	\	√isitor	Pupil	Client	Member of				
Who Might Be Affected					$\boxtimes$		Public/Third Party ⊠				
Note: A person specific assessment must be ca	rried out for voung pe	rsons, pregnant empl	ovees ar	nd nursina en	nplovees						

	Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	R	isk Ra	ting	Action
	Considered	<u> </u>	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
•	School failure to follow National Government Guidelines.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	Marie Thompson will be responsible for checking government guidance daily. In their absence Sarah Smith will fulfil this role.  Up to date guidance is distributed and communicated through the school community, including; Governors, Staff, school-based Union Reps, Academy Trust		U)	ш.	
			etc. via email.  Changes to school arrangements will be communicated to parents via ScholarPack Comms System.				
			Changes to pupil arrangements / requirements to be communicated and reinforced via Head Teacher / Teachers.				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	R	isk Ra	ting	Action
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		Queries regarding COVID-19 in schools, other educational establishments and children's social care can be discussed via the DfE Coronavirus helpline, tel: 0800 046 8687 / dfe.coronavirushelpline@education.gov.uk				
Increased risk of transmission due to increased pupils / staff working in close proximity.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	Government guidance no longer recommend that it is necessary to keep pupils in consistent groups or 'bubbles'.  Assemblies can resume. The following control measures will be implemented to ensure that assemblies are managed:  • Staff will ensure that there is a good level of ventilation within the school hall. This will involve opening the upper windows, and the door leading to the outdoor area.  • Pupils will sanitise/wash hands before entering the hall.  Pupil groups are now able to mix during lunchtime. The following control measures will be implemented to ensure that lunchtimes are managed:  • Our lunch times are staggered into two sittings which is our pre-Covid practice. The hall will be well ventilated by opening the upper windows and the door leading to the outdoor area.  • The pupils will wash their hands prior to entering the hall for lunch and will be asked to wash/sanitise after lunch.  • At the end of lunchtime play, the children will be asked to sanitise/wash their hands before returning to the classroom.  The reintroduction of 'bubbles', which may be considered as part of a response to an outbreak – needs to consider the impact on education delivery.  Education settings will continue to have a role in working with health protection teams in the case of a local outbreak. If there is an outbreak a setting may be advised to temporarily reintroduce some control measures.  It is vital that a schools COVID-19 outbreak management plan is fully implemented which outlines proportionate control measures to manage and reduce the risk of COVID-19 transmission in the event of an outbreak.				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	Risk Rating		Action	
Considered			ikelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
Management of confirmed cases of COVID-19 amongst the school community.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	Close contacts will be identified via NHS Test and Trace and education settings are no longer expected to undertake contact tracing.  NHS Test and Trace will work with the positive case to identify close contacts.  From 16th August 2021, children under the age of 18 years and 6 months old will no longer be required to self-isolate if they are contacted by NHS Test and Trace as a close contact of a positive COVID-19 case. Instead, children will be contacted by NHS Test and Trace, informed they have been in close contact with a positive case and advised to take a PCR test. All individuals are encouraged to take a PCR test if advised to do so.  18-year-olds will be treated the same way as children until 6 months after their 18th birthday, to allow them the opportunity to get fully vaccinated. At which point, they will be subject to the same rules as adults and so if they choose not to get vaccinated, they will need to self-isolate if identified as a close contact (unless there is a medical reason for being exempt from vaccination or they are taking part in a vaccine trial).  From 16th August 2021, adults who are fully vaccinated (defined as 2 doses of MHRA-approved vaccine with second dose at least 14 days prior to exposure to a confirmed COVID-19 case), unvaccinated adults who have a medical reason for being exempt from vaccination and adults who are taking part or have taken part in an approved COVID-19 vaccine trial will also be exempt from self-isolation if contacted by NHS Test and Trace. Instead, they will be advised to take a PCR test.  Education settings will continue to have a role in working with health protection teams in the case of a local outbreak. If there is an outbreak a setting may be advised to temporarily reintroduce some control measures.  It is vital that a schools COVID-19 outbreak management plan is fully implemented which outlines proportionate control measures to manage and reduce the risk of COVID-19 transmission in the event of an outbreak.	Air and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a second a second and a second a second a second a second a second and a second and a secon	Se S	Ris	No.

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	R	isk Rat	ing	Action
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
Use of face coverings in education settings to minimise transmission of COVID-19.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	Face coverings are no longer advised for pupils, staff and visitors either in classrooms or in communal areas.  The legal requirement to wear face coverings has been removed, however, there is an expectation they are worn in enclosed crowded spaces where you may come into contact with people you don't normally meet. This includes public transport and dedicated school transport.  Primary School age pupils are not required to wear masks on the dedicated school bus. The pupils that utilise the school bus are required to wash/sanitise their hands on arrival at school.  If there is an outbreak in school, you may be advised to temporarily reintroduce the wearing of face coverings in communal areas of classrooms (by pupils, staff and visitors, unless exempt).  It is vital that a schools COVID-19 outbreak management plan is fully implemented which outlines proportionate control measures to manage and reduce the risk of COVID-19 transmission in the event of an outbreak.  Face coverings (whether transparent or cloth) must fit securely around the face to cover the nose and mouth and be made with a breathable material capable of filtering airborne particles.  Face visors or shields can be worn by those exempt from wearing a face covering but they are not an equivalent alternative in terms of source control of virus transmission. In this situation an individual risk assessment must be completed, and items must always be cleaned appropriately.  The use of face coverings may have a particular impact on those who rely on visual signals for communication. Those who communicate with or provide support to those who do, are exempt from any recommendation to wear face coverings in education and childcare settings.	Likeliho	Severity	Risk Re	Action
		You have a duty to make reasonable adjustments for disabled pupils to support them to access education successfully. Where appropriate, you should discuss with pupils and parents the types of reasonable adjustments that are being considered to support an individual.				
		No pupil or student should be denied education on the grounds of whether they are, or are not, wearing a face covering.				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	R	isk Ra	ting	Action
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		In light of the new Omicron strain DfE advice is for staff and visitors to wear face coverings in communal areas.				
Outbreak management of confirmed cases of COVID-19 amongst the school community.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	You must have an outbreak management plan outlining how your school operates if there is an outbreak in your school or local area.  Central government may offer local areas of particular concern an enhanced				
		response package to help limit increases in transmission.  Please refer to the outbreak thresholds given in the Contingency Framework for childcare and educational settings (page 18).				
		Additional support is available via the DfE helpline on 0800 046 8687 and selecting option 1 for advice on the action to take if you are concerned about transmission in the setting.				
		It is vital that a schools COVID-19 outbreak management plan is fully implemented which outlines proportionate control measures to manage and reduce the risk of COVID-19 transmission in the event of an outbreak.				
		You <u>must</u> also contact the DFE helpline in the event that a child or member of staff develops serious illness (e.g. students or staff members admitted to hospital or a death as a result of a confirmed COVID–19 infection)				
Increased risk of transmission due to inadequate hygiene and inadequate PPE.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	Hand and respiratory hygiene Frequent and thorough hand cleaning should now be regular practice. You must continue to ensure that pupils clean their hands regularly. This can be done with soap and water or hand sanitiser.				
		Staff to reinforce messages (to pupils and others) to;  • Avoid touching eyes, nose and mouth with unwashed hands. Wash hands immediately after doing so.  • Catch it, Bin it, Kill it. Cover cough / sneeze with tissue, throwing tissue in the bin and washing hands.				
		Lidded bins MUST be used.  All staff, pupils, contractors and visitors will be required to wash their hands for 20 seconds with soap and water, remembering the importance of proper drying;				
		<ul> <li>Before leaving home</li> <li>On arrival at school</li> <li>After using the toilet</li> </ul>				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	Risk Rating		Action	
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		<ul> <li>After breaks / sporting activities</li> <li>When changing rooms</li> <li>Before food preparation</li> <li>Before and after eating any food (inc. snacks)</li> <li>Before leaving school</li> <li>Staff to supervise young children and pupils with complex needs to ensure they wash their hands for 20 seconds with soap and running water.</li> <li>Supervised use of hand sanitiser to minimise risk of ingestion. Consider alternatives such as skin friendly skin cleaning wipes.</li> <li>Use of hand gel and accessibility to children is risk assessed within a COSHH assessment and MSDS sheet is available. Specific consideration to ingestion and fire. Note: hand washing is more effective than the use of hand gel.</li> <li>Free resources are available, including materials to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene via: Information about the Coronavirus (e-bug.eu)</li> <li>Use of personal protective equipment (PPE)</li> <li>Most staff in schools will not require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work. Further guidance is available at: Use of PPE in education, childcare and children's social care - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</li> </ul>				
Increased risk of transmission due to inadequate cleaning regimes.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	An appropriate cleaning schedule must be implemented and maintained. This must include regular cleaning of areas and equipment (for example, twice per day), with a particular focus on frequently touched surfaces.  The risks from any hazardous substances used for cleaning MUST be COSHH assessed and MSDS sheet available. Findings will be formally communicated to relevant persons. Key considerations given to use of products in classrooms e.g. safe storage.  Staff required to conduct cleaning tasks to have received suitable and sufficient training for safe cleaning procedures and use of hazardous substances.  Additional guidance is available at: COVID-19: cleaning of non-healthcare settings outside the home - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	Risk Rating		Action	
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
Increased risk of transmission due to insufficient ventilation.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	When your school is in operation, it is important to ensure it is well ventilated and that a comfortable teaching environment is maintained.  Poorly ventilated areas of school must be identified, and controls implemented to improve fresh air flow in these areas particularly when holding events where visitors such as parents are on site, for example, school plays, assemblies.  Poorly ventilated areas include:  Ventilation is not really problematic at Bleasby. The classrooms have windows that open sufficiently to allow for adequate air flow. We also have the option of opening the external doors to the playground if we feel it necessary.  The Mobile has windows that open and can also open their external doors if necessary.  The Heads office and admin office has no external windows that open. There are internal windows to the school entrance which are open and the doors to the entrance corridor. These are generally left open to support ventilation.  Mechanical ventilation is a system that uses a fan to draw fresh air or extract air from a room. These must be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance and that only fresh outside air is circulated.  If possible, systems must be adjusted to full fresh air or, if this is not possible, then system should be operated as normal as long as they are within a within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply.  Where mechanical ventilation systems exist, you must ensure that they are maintained in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations.  Opening external windows can improve natural ventilation, and in addition opening internal doors can also assist with creating a throughput of air. If necessary, external opening doors may also be used (if they are not fire doors and where it is safe to do so).  The need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature must be balances.  If you require any further support or guidance relating to ventilation in you	Lik	es e	Rie	No.
		suzanne.smith@nottscc.gov.uk.				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	Risk Rating		Action	
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		Additional guidance is also available at:  • Ventilation and air conditioning during the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic (hse.gov.uk)  • CIBSE - Coronavirus COVID 19  CO2 monitors have now been provided for schools.				
Failure to follow public health advice on testing, self-isolation and managing confirmed cases of COVID-19.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	When an individual develops COVID-19 symptoms or has a positive test Pupils, staff and other adults must follow public health advice on when to self- isolate and what to do. Further information is available at: When to self-isolate and what to do - Coronavirus (COVID-19) - NHS (www.nhs.uk)  They must not come into school if  • they have symptoms, • have had a positive test result, or • other reasons requiring them to stay home due to the risk of them passing on COVID-19 (for example if they are required to quarantine).  If anyone in school develops COVID-19 symptoms, however mild, they must be sent home and they must follow public health advice.  Details on COVID-19 symptoms are available at: Symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19) - NHS (www.nhs.uk)  Everyone with symptoms should avoid using public transport and, wherever possible, be collected by a member of their family or household.  If a pupil is awaiting collection, they must be left in a room on their own if possible and safe to do so. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if possible. Appropriate PPE should also be used if close contact is necessary. Further information is available at: Use of PPE in education, childcare and children's social care - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk).  Symptomatic child will be moved to the computer room which is used as the isolation area until parent arrives for collection.  Any rooms used must be cleaned after they have left. The Government guidance for cleaning non-healthcare settings MUST be followed: COVID-19: cleaning in non-healthcare settings outside the home - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	Risk Rating		Action	
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		Everyone MUST wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with soap and running water after any contact with someone who is unwell.  If storing waste, prior to disposal due to confirmed or suspected COVID-19 ensure this does not create any additional hazards:  • Fire risk  • Impede emergency exit routes  • Trip hazard  • Away from pupils  The household (including any siblings) should follow the PHE stay at home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) in	Like	NeS	Ris	No.
		themselves at home.				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	R	isk Rat	ting	Action
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		There is no need for primary age pupils (those in year 6 and below) to test over the summer period. Year 6 pupils will be offered the 2 tests at an ATS at the beginning of the autumn term when they start at their secondary school as a new year 7. Schools may choose, however, to start testing year 6 pupils earlier, including summer schools, depending on their local circumstances.  Confirmatory PCR tests  Staff and pupils with a positive LFD test result should self-isolate in line with the stay at home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or				
		confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk).  They will also need to get a free PCR test to check if they have COVID-19: Get a free PCR test to check if you have coronavirus (COVID-19) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)  Whilst awaiting the PCR result, the individual should continue to self-isolate.				
		If the PCR test is taken within 2 days of the positive lateral flow test, and is negative, it overrides the self-test LFD test and the pupil can return to school, as long as the individual doesn't have COVID-19 symptoms.  Additional information is available via: Coronavirus (COVID-19): test kits for schools and FE providers - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)				
Pupils identified as at increased risk and exposed to COVID-19.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	All clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) children and young people should attend their education setting unless they are one of the very small number of children and young people under paediatric or other specialist care who have been advised by their clinician or other specialist to not attend.  Further information is available at: Supporting pupils with medical conditions at school - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk).				
		Sarah Smith – SLT and Claire Price -SLT to communicate appropriately with their most vulnerable children and health care plans updated where necessary.  Additional arrangements implemented to support medical needs of pupils who will be attending schools and documented within health care plans.  Health care plans and arrangements for supporting medical needs of pupils to be				
		communicated to relevant persons only.				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	R	isk Rat	ing	Action
Considered			ikelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		Updated health care plans to be signed by parent / carer.	_	ű	_	
		Assess the need for PPE / RPE to facilitate any close contact personal care, or procedures that create airborne risk (e.g. suctioning and physiotherapy).				
		Further guidance is available at: <u>Use of PPE in education, childcare and children's social care - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>				
		If RPE is required, training and face-fit testing will be required. In this instance please email the NCC H&S Team for assistance at <a href="mailto:hands@nottscc.gov.uk">hands@nottscc.gov.uk</a> .				
Symptomatic individuals attending school.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	In most cases, parents and carers will agree that a pupil with symptoms should not attend the school, given the potential risk to others.				
		If a parent or carer insists on a pupil attending your school, you can take the decision to refuse the pupil if, in your reasonable judgement, it is necessary to protect other pupils and staff from possible infection with COVID-19. Your decision would need to be carefully considered in light of all the circumstances and current public health advice.				
Staff identified as at increased risk and exposed to COVID-19.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	School leaders are best placed to determine the workforce required to meet the needs of their pupils.				
		Clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) people are advised, as a minimum, to follow the same guidance as everyone else. It is important that everyone adheres to this guidance, but CEV people may wish to think particularly carefully about the additional precautions they can continue to take.				
		Further guidance is available at: COVID-19: guidance on protecting people defined on medical grounds as extremely vulnerable - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)				
		Social distancing measures have now ended in the workplace and it is no longer necessary for the government to instruct people to work from home. Employers should be able to explain the measures they have in place to keep CEV staff safe at work.				
		Line Managers to discuss medical needs disclosed by staff and support mechanisms implemented.				
		If an employee is deemed vulnerable is and requires additional risk controls, then a specific individual risk assessment <b>MUST</b> be completed by a suitably trained person. The F45-1 risk assessment template can be used to facilitate this process.				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:		isk Rat	ting	Action
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		The requirement remains to complete a risk assessment for new and expectant mothers. The template SR14 new and expectant mothers at work checklist can be used to facilitate this process.  Both the F45-1 and SR14 risk assessment templates are available on the Nottinghamshire Schools Portal at: <a href="https://www.nottinghamshire.gov.uk/schoolsportal/health-and-safety/risk-assessment">https://www.nottinghamshire.gov.uk/schoolsportal/health-and-safety/risk-assessment</a> Any individual risk assessments for staff MUST be completed in conjunction with the employee and manager. Regular communication for both parties to discuss concerns and additional / reduced control measures. The risk assessment MUST be reviewed by both the employee and manager regularly and updated to reflect any changes to arrangements.  The Health and Safety Executive (HSE) has published guidance:  • Protect vulnerable workers - Working safely during the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic (hse.gov.uk)  • Talking with your workers about preventing coronavirus (COVID-19) - Overview (hse.gov.uk)				
Increased risk of exposure to COVID-19 during educational visits.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	Given the likely gap in COVID-19 related cancellation insurance, if you are considering booking a new visit, whether domestic or international, you are advised to ensure that any new bookings have adequate financial protection in place.  We continue to recommend you do not go on any international visits before the start of the autumn term. From the start of the new school term, you can go on international visits that have previously been deferred or postponed and organise new international visits for the future.  You must be aware that the travel list (and broader international travel policy) is subject to change and green list countries may be moved to amber or red. The travel lists may change during a visit and you mut comply with international travel legislation and should have contingency plans in place to account for these changes.  You should speak to either you visit provider, commercial insurance company, or the risk protection arrangement (RPA) to assess the protection available. Independent advice on insurance cover and options can be sought from the British Insurance Brokers' Association (BIBA) or Association of British Insurers (ABI). Any school holding ATOL or ABTA refund credit notes may use these credit notes to rebook educational or international visits.				

Action	Risk Rating		Ri	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	How might they be Harmed	Hazards
Requir ed/ Action No.	Risk Rating	Severity	ikelihood			Considered
				You must undertake a full and thorough risk assessment in relation to all educational visits and ensure that any public health advice, such as hygiene and ventilation requirements, is included as part of that risk assessment.		
				General guidance about educational visits is available via: <u>Health and safety on educational visits - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>		
				This is supported by specialist advice from the Outdoor Education Advisory Panel (OEAP): <a href="https://oeapng.info">https://oeapng.info</a>		
				More information on planning extra-curricular provision can be found in the guidance: Protective measures for holiday or after-school clubs and other out-of-school settings for children during the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	Failure to manage and implement COVID-19 controls during wraparound provision and extra-curricular activity.
				A specific risk assessment must be completed for wraparound provision and extra- curricular activities outlining control measures to manage the risks associated with COVID-19.		
				Key control measures and ways of working within the school environment are discussed with visitors / contractors on arrival.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	Inadequate management of contractors and / or visitors increasing risk of COVID-19 exposure and transmission.
				Contractor induction form (SR77) completed with contractors on arrival at site and a record maintained.		
				Maxine Meaden- Office Manager to conduct contractor induction and maintain a record.		
				Signage will be displayed around school to indicate any local arrangements e.g. for parents and visitors on arrival to site.		
				Avoid shaking hands with colleagues and visitors.		
				Parents provided with information about changes to pupil drop off / collection and timetable for the school day via ScholorPack Comms System.		
				Non-essential visitors are being limited, where possible meetings are being held virtually.		
				Key control measures and ways of working within the school environment are discussed with visitors / contractors on arrival.  Contractor induction form (SR77) completed with contractors on arrival at site and a record maintained.  Maxine Meaden- Office Manager to conduct contractor induction and maintain a record.  Signage will be displayed around school to indicate any local arrangements e.g. for parents and visitors on arrival to site.  Avoid shaking hands with colleagues and visitors.  Parents provided with information about changes to pupil drop off / collection and timetable for the school day via ScholorPack Comms System.  Non-essential visitors are being limited, where possible meetings		or visitors increasing risk of COVID-19

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	R	isk Rat	ting	Action
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
Lack of essential supplies, including PPE, cleaning materials and hygiene products may increase the risk of COVID-19 transmission.	Individuals may be exposed to COVID-19.	Local supply chains MUST be used to source PPE, cleaning materials and hygiene products.  Assurance of a secure supply chain to be in place for essential supplies prior to reopening.  Discuss with contractor agencies (for e.g. cleaning and catering) to ensure that processes are in place for the supply of materials and provision of service.  Emergency plans in place to for if there is an unmet urgent need for PPE, cleaning materials and hygiene products to operate safely.  Cleaner in Charge will be responsible for checking stocks of PPE, cleaning materials and hygiene products throughout the day.  Maxine Meaden —Office Manager will be responsible for ordering and sourcing stocks of PPE, cleaning materials and hygiene products.  Where there is an unmet urgent need for PPE please contact your local authority. Within Nottinghamshire please email ppe@nottscc.gov.uk for assistance.		8		140.
Risk of fire and delayed evacuation due to insufficient fire safety management.	Serious injury / ill-health / death in the event of a fire.	Review the fire risk assessment to take into account any changes to the use of building and / or rooms within it.  Consider any new fire hazards which may have been introduced, e.g. increased supplies of PPE (source of fuel / block exits), alcohol hand gel (flammable – kept away from heat sources) etc.  Doors propped open (to minimise contact and aid ventilation) MUST be closed on sounding of the fire alarm (during emergency evacuation) and at the end of the school day (overnight).  Fire doors MUST not be propped open.  Fire evacuation routes to be kept clear at all times.  Safe egress from the building MUST be considered during any reconfiguration of room layout / usage.  Changes to fire evacuation procedures or roles supporting fire evacuation (wardens / marshals absent) will be communicated to all staff via email.				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	Current Control/Mitigation Measures:	Risk Rating		ting	Action
Considered				Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		Fire drill to be completed termly or following changes and a record maintained in the fire log book.  Personal Emergency Evacuation Plans (PEEPs) <b>MUST</b> be reviewed to ensure support can be provided to staff and pupils.  Contingency plans in place for alternative support for PEEPs due to staff absence.				
		Alcohol hand gel <b>MUST</b> not be kept in cars due to fire risk in hot temperatures.  Teresa Wheatcroft– Cleaner in Charge will be responsible for daily checks of the school building to ensure fire evacuation routes are kept clear.				
		Sarah Smith – SLT and Claire Price - SLT will be responsible for reviewing PEEPs regularly and amending support plans as required.				
Inadequate first aid provision in school.	Injury or ill-health suffered as a result of inadequate first aid provision or incorrect first aid treatment.	Adequate number of first aiders, emergency first aiders, paediatric first aiders available in school.  A specific risk assessment to be produced to assess the first aid provision in school. To be reviewed regularly and updated following any changes to staffing, pupil numbers etc.				
		Specific first aid risk assessment to include consideration for additional RPE/PPE required to facilitate care. Where a need is identified these items must be available and staff informed of requirements.				
		If the need for PPE/RPE is required, then staff must be trained in the safe putting on and removal of items.				
		If RPE is required, training and face-fit testing will be required. In this instance please email the NCC H&S Team for assistance at <a href="mailto:hands@nottscc.gov.uk">hands@nottscc.gov.uk</a> .  Training issued and refreshed continually to first aiders.				
		First aid kits suitably stocked, located and checked routinely.  School awareness of method for contacting emergency services.				
Staff experience violence, verbal abuse and aggression from parents / pupils / visitors / contractors / members of the public.	Stress, anxiety and physical injuries (cuts, bruising, fractures) if abusive incidents occur.	Adequate supervision and awareness of pupil behaviours at all times.  Staff received Coping with Risky Behaviours (CRB) training as necessary.				

Hazards	How might they be Harmed	be Harmed Current Control/Mitigation Measures:		Risk Rat		Action
Considered			Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Requir ed/ Action No.
		Awareness of safeguarding pupils reporting procedures and designated safeguarding officer.				
		Parents / visitors / members of the public informed that abusive behaviour will not be tolerated.				
		All incidents where staff experience violence, verbal abuse or aggression <b>MUST</b> be reported on Wellworker as "physical violence" or "verbal abuse or threat". Wellworker can be accessed via: <a href="https://nottscc-safety.oshens.com/login/default.aspx?ClassicSession=clear&amp;CountrySet=true">https://nottscc-safety.oshens.com/login/default.aspx?ClassicSession=clear&amp;CountrySet=true</a>				
Additional Notes						

Control Improvements/Developments									
Action No.	Recommended additional control measures	Responsibility	Target Date	Date Completed					
			Click or tap to enter a	Click or tap to enter a date.					
			date.						
			Click or tap to enter a date.	Click or tap to enter a date.					
			Click or tap to enter a date.	Click or tap to enter a date.					
			Click or tap to enter a date.	Click or tap to enter a date.					

Signature of Assessor:	M. Thyp	Date: 7.9.21	1.12.21
Signature of Person Authorising:	M. Tryp	Date: 7.9.21	<b>1.12.21</b>

of Harm	Major	Tolerable	Substantial	Substantial		
Potential Severity of Harm	Minor	Trivial	Tolerable	Substantial		
Potentia	Negligible	Trivial	Trivial	Tolerable		
		Rare	Possible	Almost Certain		
		Likelihood of Harm Occurring				

Definitions	
Substantial	Take appropriate action within agreed period
Tolerable	Monitor Situation
Trivial	No Action Required

Reviews – this a	ssessment should be reviewed at	intervals no greate	er than 12 months	or i	if there are change	es to the procedures, personnel,	work environment	or following an
incident								
Review Date	Comments/Amendments	Reviewed By	Signature		Review Date	Comments/Amendments	Reviewed By	Signature

Click or tap	Click or tap
to enter a	to enter a
date.	date.
Click or tap	Click or tap
to enter a	to enter a
date.	date.
Click or tap	Click or tap
to enter a	to enter a
date.	date.
Click or tap	Click or tap
to enter a	to enter a
date.	date.

The following table should be used for all staff to sign and date to confirm that the risk assessment has been read.

Print Name	Signature	Date	Print Name	Signature	Date